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Wash Neck Wear, 35 cents. Prettier than ever this season. All new.

New Wrist Bags, 40 cents. With the latest fittings, including salts bottle and mirror. Colors: gray, tan, blue, red and black.

New Belts, 50 cents up. The wide belt has come to stay. Criss leather belts of correct widths in tans, black and colors from 50 cents upwards.

Wrist Bags at 75 cents. Good quality of leather and contain separate purses. Colors: Gray, black and tan.

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The Aquarium

NOW OPEN

AT
Kapiolani Park

The Aquarium will be open on Week days from 10 o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 9:30 p. m.
On Sundays it will open at 1 p. m.
Admission will be free on Thursdays.
On other days a charge will be made of 10 cents to adults and 5 cents to children under fourteen years of age.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVING.

Wednesday, April 20.
Am. bk. Imgard, Schmidt, 14 days from San Francisco at 4:30 p. m.
Thursday, April 21.
U. S. S. Supply, Pond, from San Francisco at 8 a. m.

DEPARTING.

Thursday, April 21.
S. S. Ventura, Hayward, for Pago Pago, Auckland and Sydney at 2 p. m.

HAWAIIAN VESSEL LOST.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—The big four-masted schooner Kallin, that sailed from Port Ludlow for this harbor on March 8, has been lost. The overturned hull of the vessel has been found on the Coast of Vancouver Island, near Kysquet and not far from the place where the schooner Emma Uter was lost a few months ago. Some uneasiness has been felt for several days by shipping men for the safety of the vessel and the news received here last night that the wreck of the vessel had been found did not come as a surprise. The vessel was owned by Hind, Rolph & Co. and she started on her voyage with a cargo of \$55,000 feet of lumber. She was in command of Captain J. C. Lax, and carried a crew of ten men. It is probable that all were lost.

The Kallin was here some months ago.

GARDNER K. WILDER.

Circumstances of His Death in San Francisco a Week Ago.

The Chronicle of April 14 says: Former Circuit Judge Gardner K. Wilder of the Hawaiian Islands a well-

known lawyer and politician of Honolulu, died at the Occidental Hotel at 8:45 o'clock yesterday morning of pneumonia, contracted only last Sunday evening.

Judge Wilder arrived in San Francisco on the steamship Ventura just one week before his death. He came here from the islands in good health and spirits and was on his way to Rochester, Mich., to meet his wife and escort her back to their Honolulu home. But for his three-day illness he would have been with his wife today, according to his plan.

Gardner Wilder was 40 years of age, a native of Geneva, Ill., and a graduate of the University of Michigan. His father W. C. Wilder, was chairman of the Committee of Safety that overthrew the Hawaiian monarchy and established the island republic, and his uncle, H. G. Wilder, was the author of the treaty that resulted in the annexation of the republic by the United States.

Gardner Wilder in addition to his legal business, was also interested in lumber, steamship, coal and sugar plantation enterprises on the islands.

His nearest surviving relatives are his widow, now temporarily in Michigan; his three brothers and his mother all residing in Honolulu, and three cousins, residing in San Francisco and Oakland.

One of his brothers, Charles T. Wilder was for several years Hawaiian Consul at this port and lived at the Occidental Hotel. His only affiliation was with the Masonic order.

When the funeral will be has not yet been decided. Mrs. Wilder will determine that upon her arrival here from Michigan in a few days.

THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE

The Pirates of Penzance a performance by local amateurs for the benefit of the Catholic Church organ fund for St. Augustine's chapel at Waikeiki will be presented this evening at the opera house under the direction of Allan Dunn.

A very smooth and finished production is looked forward to and the expectation fully justified by the stage rehearsals of the past few evenings. The cast, which is as follows, possesses no weak spots and faulty places and could not have been more aptly chosen. Pirate King, Hugo Herzer, Frederick James D. Dougherty, Major-General Stanley, Raymond C. Brown, Police Sergeant, Sonny Cunha, Samuel, Clarence Waterman, Mabel Mrs. Hibberdine, Ruth, Miss Gertrude Hall, Isabel, Miss Cunha, Kate, Mrs. W. P. Lewis, Edith, Miss Lucille Mutch.

The chorus is exceptionally strong the costumes absolutely new, designed for the occasion and made without regard to cost. The scenery for the second act, moonlight in a ruined abbey, has been also specially painted and will prove an attractive setting to the pretty girls.

The overture will start at 8:15 and the performance will be over between 10:30 and 10:45. These times are guaranteed by the management. There will be no flowers passed over the footlights and no encores. Special cars have been arranged for going to and from the performance.

THE SUNDREAM.

The wooden steamer Sundream has been purchased at Boston by the American Board of Foreign Missions and is to be fitted up for the South Sea work, with San Francisco as her home port. The Sundream has a net register of 400 tons, and is 140 feet long, with a breadth of 25 feet and depth of 10 feet.

From One Of Those Who Were Bombarded

Whatever may be said to the contrary, the first attack upon Port Arthur came as a great surprise to both officials and civilians. War rumors certainly had been rife for some days, and all Japanese had been ordered to leave on the morning of the 9th of February, but so little was an attack anticipated, that Admiral Stark gave a reception in the evening to the Senior Officers of his fleet. The juniors—or as many of them as were able to get leave—were seeking diversion at the Cafe Chantant admiring the premiere chantonette, when at 2 a. m. the guns of the fleet started firing. The Cafe was promptly deserted and all officers hurried to their ships, but even then no one thought seriously of the matter; the impression was that some maneuver was in progress. Daylight dispelled the illusion, however, for we then saw the Pallada, Retvisan and the Tsarevitch beached at the entrance to the harbor.

We learned that four Japanese torpedo boat destroyers had appeared from the southeast, the leader having all lights burning. The Pallada signalled to her and received a reply that she was the Stereguschki from Dalny, and that all was well. She was allowed to proceed, and with the other three, got in among the men of war, with the result before mentioned.

Two days previous to this, the Japanese consul at Chefoo had visited Port Arthur—ostensibly to arrange for the transport of refugees. He was accompanied by two other gentlemen, all being in their uniforms as consular officials. Their stay was very short, and the refugees had no communication with them. In fact when they were sailing some of these tried to get aboard, but were not permitted to do so. From Port Arthur the consul proceeded to Dalny where the same program was followed. The story goes (I mention it for what it may be worth) that the companions of the consul were full-fledged naval captains. They saw the Stereguschki at Dalny, learned of the approaching reception and thereupon formed their plans.

At 9 o'clock on the 10th, the Japanese ships were seen on the horizon steaming slowly towards the harbor. At 11:15 the first gun was fired by them, and they had the range so well that the shell fell right in the harbor entrance, about thirty yards from the Retvisan. The Russian ships had by this time got under way and were steaming in a circle replying to the Japanese fire, the forts too were firing heavily. The Pallada, though still aground, fought fiercely, but the other two stranded ships could not use their guns as they were masked by her.

The civilians sought shelter behind Quail Hill, as the shells were falling in the town. I was amongst the number, and I must admit that I felt considerably relieved when we got over the brow of the hill.

The bombardment lasted about three-fourths of an hour, but, so far as we could learn, there were no fatalities ashore. One of our number, however, had half his ear torn off by a splinter of shell.

Excellent order was maintained in the town, during this and subsequent fights. The dealers raised the prices of necessities to absurd heights, but the authorities intervened and fixed the market price of every important article of food.

From the outbreak of hostilities to the end of my stay, we had only two undisturbed nights. The boom of the guns was a very unwelcome sound, particularly as we were not allowed outside our houses after a certain hour, and therefore could not see what was going on, but had to put up with the possibility of a hoist out of bed by the explosion of a shell. It was very hard to get any authentic information as to damages inflicted upon the Japanese fleet, but after the fight of the 10th the Novik which was the last of the ships to re-enter the harbor was enthusiastically cheered by the crews of the other ships, she being credited with the sinking of one cruiser and two torpedo boats. The Askold was hit on the water line, and her No. 5 funnel damaged. The Novik and Petropavlovsk were also injured, but all these injuries were repaired before we left.

The only ships incapable of proceeding to sea are the Tsarevitch and the Retvisan. Both these vessels are too large to be docked at Port Arthur.

The failure of the Japanese attempt to block the harbor by sinking the colliers must be attributed to the fine work done by the Retvisan which, although ashore, was able to use her starboard broadside with such good effect, that one vessel was forced on to the beach and set on fire and another sunk just without the entrance to the harbor. The other two ships were sunk in deep water by the fire of the forts. The entrance to the harbor was in no way obstructed.

I do not believe for a moment that there is any truth in the Chefoo report of the abandonment of Port Arthur. It must be remembered that the Russians have enormous supplies of coal and provisions there, without which their fleet would be worthless. They will never abandon these and leave themselves helpless.

On the 28th February, all residents of American and English nationality received 24 hours notice to "quit." We tried to get an extension of time so that we might collect our belongings together, but this reply was prompt and effective: "Quit or you go to the forts." We paid our first-class fares to Yinkow but found that the train by which we had to leave had no passenger accommodation; we were able to get an open cattle-truck which we lined with some commandeered straw, and in this we made the journey. It was snowing very heavily, and was biting cold, but we arrived without any mishap with the exception that one of our number had his ears badly frost-bitten. We rubbed them with snow, and restored the circulation; but next day they were much swollen and very painful. From Yinkow to Newchwang, a distance of four miles, we walked in the middle of the night. We had considerable difficulty in persuading a native to guide us, as he said that "plenty bad men" were about. We reassured him with a sight of our revolvers, but I noticed that he kept well in the middle of the party all the way. The snow was in some places up to our waists, and we extracted some amusement at the expense of those of our number who occasionally got off the track and sank in the drifts.

During our stay in Port Arthur—from the commencement of hostilities to the end of February—the treatment accorded to us by the Russians was most courteous and friendly. Although by the fortunes of war I was leaving to some of that nationality the enjoyment of my hospitality uninvited, I came away bearing a very friendly feeling towards them. I had friends in both services, and always found them to be thoroughly good fellows.—Japan Gazette.

She was built in 1900 on the Eastern side, to submit the case on briefs, but Hatch preferred to remain and argue.

ANDREWS IN WASHINGTON

Lorin Andrews, attorney general, was still in Washington when last heard from. He expected to catch the Ventura on return, arriving here yesterday, but the fisheries cases were not taken up by the United States Supreme Court in March as expected. Andrews had an interview with the Chief Justice in which he asked that the cases be given a hearing, and his letter stated that he hoped to have the matter brought up very soon. The attorney general made a proposition to Attorney Hatch, who represents the other

DAVIS HEARD FROM

George A. Davis was heard from by the Ventura mail. A letter addressed in his handwriting and posted at San Francisco on April 9, arrived at the Governor's office. It was addressed to the Governor of the "American Territory of Hawaii." Inside the envelope were two blank sheets, without a scratch of a pen on them.

There are various theories to explain the peculiar arrival. One is that Davis folded up blank pages by mistake after writing a letter. Another suggestion is that the two sheets, four pages, of blanks indicate Davis' desire to use some blanks in expressing himself, probably not being allowed through the mails. Still another theory is that the

Prince David And Iaukea For Hearst

Colonel Curtis P. Iaukea has become a Democrat. He announced this morning his change of political sentiment. He also placed himself on record with Senator Palmer Woods as being favorable to Hearst. The Hearst people are naturally feeling quite elated over the acquisition of this recruit to their ranks and when Prince David Kawananakoa also came out and declared for Hearst, the Hearst stock took a couple of jumps higher.

"I have decided," said Colonel Iaukea to affiliate with the Democratic Party. I am in favor of Hearst for president and I hope to see Hawaii's delegation to the national convention go instructed for him. In order however for the thorough organization of the party to be effected, the Central Committee should issue the rules for the organization of precinct clubs. The present time is opportune for the organization of the Democratic Party on permanent strong basis and as soon as the rules have been issued this work can be started. At the present time the natives are waiting to see what is being done and what the plans of the com-

mittee are. I am ready to do what I can toward the organization of the clubs. It is only by the organization of precinct clubs that the party can reach any strength in these islands."

Prince David who was a delegate to the Democratic convention at Kansas City is for Hearst. He announced this morning that he favored the Hawaiian delegation being instructed for the Californian.

"I believe," said Prince David "that Hearst is the strongest man that the Democrats can put up and I hope to see him nominated. He has my support and I am working to secure the delegation from Hawaii instructed for him. He is a Californian by birth and I think it is to the interest of Hawaii to have him elected president. He is better acquainted with the interests of Hawaii than any other candidate and he is naturally more concerned in the welfare of these islands."

"I should like to go to St. Louis as one of the delegates and I hope to see our delegation composed of men who think as I do in this matter of the nomination of Hearst."

Jury Sworn In To Try Man Chong Murder Case

A jury was sworn this morning to try the case of the Territory against Man Chong charged with murder in the first degree. Judging by the difficulties encountered during the past few days in trying to get jurors, there is an unusual proportion of people in Honolulu who have conscientious scruples against the death penalty. A large number of those examined declared that they would not under any circumstances bring in a verdict which would condemn a defendant to be hanged.

Judge De Bolt several times endeavored to remove such an obstacle by telling the jurors that they had nothing to do with the penalty. "The legislature is the only body that regulates the punishment," said the judge. "It is only for the jury and court to carry out the law as it is, and while it may be a very unpleasant duty to do so, we must realize that it is the duty of a citizen. The jury has nothing to do with the punishment that may be imposed."

In spite of this explanation there were many who stated that they would not take part in a verdict of guilty that meant hanging, and the court was compelled to excuse them. The twelve jurors who were finally accepted are the following: James Bicknell, Percy Lishman, J. J. Falk, S. E. Pierce, Henry Gehring, James W. L. McGuire, H. R. Macfarlane, Jr., John C. Lane, Levi K.

Nakea, Charles Hummel, Charles F. Merrifield, B. S. Gregory.

One of the "jurors" who was called this morning is attending school. He is Charles Kawala. Kawala did not answer when his name was called and Deputy Sheriff McGurn, who summoned him, stated to the court that he was a schoolboy and had probably left to go to school. Judge De Bolt ordered another name drawn from the box and Attorney Ashford for the defense entered an objection saying the defendant had a right to have all those summoned present for examination as their names were drawn.

"Suppose a man were dead," said the judge, "would you ask that he be produced if on the list of jurors?"

"Under those circumstances," Ashford replied, "I might be willing to waive his being present, but there is no evidence that this man is dead."

"There is no evidence that he is alive," said the judge. "He is not here."

After the swearing in of the jury Deputy Attorney General Peters moved that the twelve men be allowed to visit their places of business, in company with the bailiff, and make arrangements for the period of the trial. The court accordingly made an order directing bailiff Hopkins to take the jurors to their offices and have them in court again to commence the trial at 1:30 p. m. The jurors will be kept in charge of the bailiff until the end of the trial.

BAY STATE DEMOCRATS

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

BOSTON, April 21.—The State Democratic Convention held here today elected a delegation instructed for Richard Olney, Secretary of State under Cleveland, for President. The Convention also adopted the unit rule.

RUSSIA RESENTS ASSISTANCE.

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

NEWCHWANG, April 21.—Foreign pilots assisting in the piloting of Japanese ships are held to be subjects to Russian martial law and will be dealt with accordingly.

AMERICANS LEAVE SEOUL.

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

SEOUL, April 21.—Lieutenant McDonald and seventy American marines constituting a guard here have been ordered to return to Manila. Their presence here is unnecessary, as there are no signs of disturbance.

eccentric lawyer wished to convey to Carter the idea that he had "nothing to say."

PASSENGERS.

Departing.

Per S. S. Ventura, April 21, for Pago Pago (Auckland and Sydney)—Herbert Ziele, Mr. and Mrs. Wardrop, Kerr and Mrs. Von Burr.

KOREA DUE TOMORROW.

The S. S. Korea is due tomorrow morning from San Francisco with two days later mail.

NOTICE

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Pursuant to a decree of the District Court of the United States in and for the District of Hawaii, given, made and rendered in the cause entitled The United States of America vs. 2 Cases of Assorted Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and numbered No. 18 in said Court, wherein and whereby said 2 cases of assorted goods, wares and merchandise were duly declared condemned and forfeited to the United States, I shall on Monday the 9th day of May, A. D. 1904, at 12 noon, sell said 2 cases of assorted goods, wares and merchandise, to the highest bidder, at public auction, at the Judiciary Building in Honolulu in said District. Terms cash in United States Gold Coin. For inventory, inspection and further particulars, see the undersigned.

Dated Honolulu, Hawaii, April 21, 1904
E. E. HENDRY,
United States Marshal for the District of Hawaii.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BY AUTHORITY

Office of the Board of Health.

Honolulu, Hawaii, April 21, 1904.

At a meeting of the Board of Health held April 14th, 1904, the following regulation applying to plumbing permits was adopted:

On and after the second day of May, 1904, a fee of One Dollar (\$1.00) shall be charged for the issuance of every plumbing permit.

L. E. PINKHAM,

President, Board of Health.

ALBERT C. CHARLOCK,

Secretary, Board of Health.

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